How to Ginkgo Park and Walk Parking at the

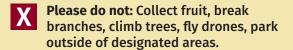
Parking at the grove is extremely limited. We strongly encourage visitors to park in the main and overflow parking lots near Blandy's Route 50 entrance and walk on the gravel road to the grove (0.6 miles each way).

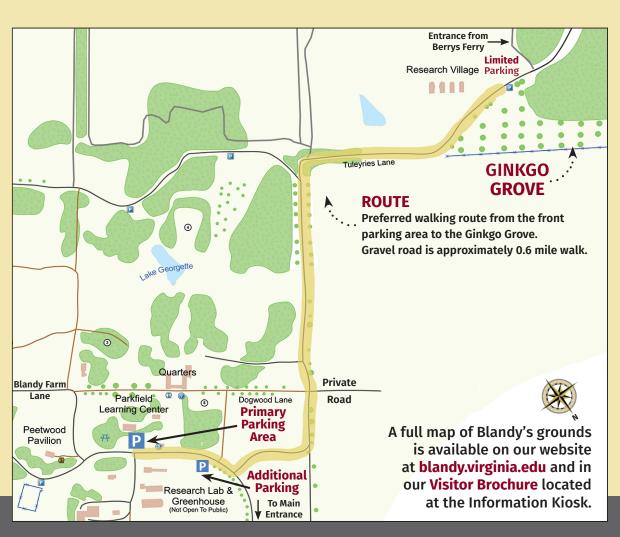


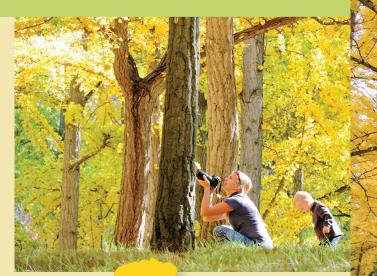
Restrooms are available at the Quarters and at Peetwood Pavilion.

Guidelines











CELEBRATE EVERYTHING GINKGO!

Our annual GinkgoFest is held in late October at the Ginkgo Grove. We celebrate the glorious ginkgoes as they faithfully turn to gold in one of nature's most spectacular autumn shows. Watch for information each year and join us for ginkgo gazing, education, food, and fun!

YOUR SUPPORT MATTERS

There are many benefits to being a member of the Foundation of the State Arboretum! With a FOSA membership, you can visit more than 300 gardens across the country for free or discounted rates as part of the AHS Reciprocal Admissions Program. To learn more about membership benefits, become a FOSA member, or make a donation or online payment for an upcoming event or program, please visit our website at blandy@virginia.edu and click on the "Support" tab.

CONTACT US

400 Blandy Farm Lane | Boyce, VA | 22620 STATE ARBORETUM VIRGINIA 540-837-1758

BLANDY

blandy@virginia.edu **FOLLOW US**



A Guide to the

Ginkgo Grove

State Arboretum of Virginia at the University of Virginia's Blandy Experimental Farm



The Blandy **Ginkgo Grove**

We can enjoy the Ginkgo Grove today thanks to a scientific experiment dating back to the 1930s and 1940s. Ginkgoes have separate male and female trees. Dr. Orland E. White. Blandy Experimental Farm's first Director, wanted to know what proportion of a ginkgo's seeds will develop into male vs. female trees.

To test this question, Dr. White and his students planted an experimental ginkgo orchard at Blandy using seeds collected from a tree on the Grounds of the University of Virginia in Charlottesville. Because ginkgoes can take 20 years to reach sexual maturity, Dr. White did not live long enough to see the "fruits" of his labor and discover the answer to his question. When the final tally was made in the 1980s, 157 trees were female and 144 were male—a roughly 1:1 male:female sex ratio.

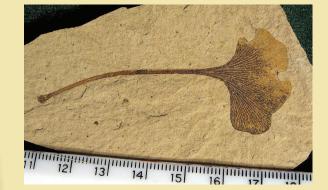
Center: Dr. Orland White and student. Below: One of many ascension records.

A Living Fossil

The ginkgo tree is often described as a "living fossil." Ginkgoes witnessed the rise and fall of the

dinosaurs and were once widespread across what is now Asia, Europe, and North America. Ginkgoes declined rapidly 65 million years ago for reasons that scientists are still working to understand. Today, Ginkgo biloba is the sole surviving species of a

once diverse and widespread group.



What Makes a **Ginkgo Tree** Unique?

> Leaves and fruit branch off of nubby little twigs called spur shoots

> > "Fruits" (technically seeds, if you ask a botanist)

Fan-shaped leaves with parallel leaf veins and a waxy leaf coating

Leaves whole or divided into two lobes (Ginkgo biloba)

Leaves turn from green to gold in the fall, then drop, forming a lush, golden carpet under the trees





300 trees



3.3 acres



America's largest public ginkgo grove





Illustration courtesy

